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The Economy

- The economy is the key to financial recovery for the state as a whole and for public agencies
 - Unemployment remains higher than the rest of the nation
 - Predictions of an early recovery in the spring of 2010 proved to be overly optimistic
 - Recovery is slow at best
 - Projections are that the economy will remain sluggish until at least 2012
- The keys to recovery
 - Increased construction activity
 - Improvement in real estate
 - Decreased unemployment

- California's economy remains weak
 - The state unemployment rate is 12.4%, among the highest in the country (May '10 = 12.6%)
 - Home sales slowed in August, down 2.7% from July and down 14.0% from August 2009
 - Foreclosed homes made up more than one-third of August sales
- UCLA forecasts some improvement in 2011
 - Employment will rise 1.90%, after declining three years
 - Personal income will increase 3.70%
 - Unemployment rate will remain high at 11.0% in 2011

- What are the provisions of the new State Budget?
 - Improved from the May Revision
 - Reverses 3.85% revenue limit cut
 - Holds school agencies harmless for the negative .39% COLA
 - No supplanting with Federal Jobs Bill funding
 - Still, there are concerns
 - Class-size reduction (CSR) flexibility was not extended
 - Tier III flexibility was not extended
- Longer term, we need real Budget reform
 - Districts need more dollars, and a more stable source of funding
 - California is still ranked at the bottom in education spending

Major Changes from May Revision to the Final Budget



- May Revision: Reduced revenue limits by \$1.5 billion
 - Final Budget: Fully restores revenue limit cut
- May Revision: "Fully funded" negative 0.39% COLA
 - Final Budget: Holds school agencies harmless from negative COLA
- May Revision: No funding for prior-year mandates
 - Final Budget: \$300 million in one-time mandate funds, of which \$100 million is for 2010-11 claims and \$200 million is for prior-year claims (unknown impact up to \$750,000)

Impact of the 2010-11 Final Budget vs. May Revision on the District

Restores the 3.85% revenue limit cut of \$246 per ADA

On-going: + \$6,629,700

Applied the .39% negative COLA to the deficit factor saving \$25 per ADA

On-going: + \$673,750

\$6,352 \$6,352 -\$1,165 -\$1,140 for 18.355% for 17.963% deficit deficit -\$246 for the \$5,212 3.85% reduction **Funded** \$4.941 revenue limit **Funded** revenue limit

2010-11 May Revision

2010-11 Final Budget

Multi-Year Projections *Before* New Revenues



	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13
Revenues	\$215,494,123	\$204,463,110	\$201,467,393
Total Expenditures	<u>\$227,435,275</u>	\$221,235,040	<u>\$228,869,415</u>
Inc./(Dec.) in Fund Balance	(\$11,941,152)	(\$16,771,930)	(\$27,402,022)
Beginning Fund Balance	\$37,941,250	\$26,000,098	<u>\$9,228,168</u>
Ending Balance	\$26,000,098	\$9,228,168	(\$18,173,854)
Less: Restricted Reserves	<u>(\$8,404,185)</u>	<u>(\$7,368,178)</u>	<u>(\$7,597,209)</u>
Unrestricted Balance	\$17,595,913	\$1,859,990	(\$25,771,063)

Multi-Year Projections *After* New Revenues



	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13
Revenues	\$215,494,123	\$204,463,110	\$201,036,193
• Fully restores revenue limit cut =\$246/ADA	6,629,700	6,629,700	6,629,700
• Hold harmless from neg. COLA = \$25/ADA	673,750	673,750	673,750
Federal Jobs Bill Funding	4,881,000	0	0
Total Revenues	227,678,573	211,766,560	208,339,643
Total Expenditures	\$227,435,275	\$221,235,040	\$228,869,415
Inc./(Dec.) in Fund Balance	\$243,298	(\$9,468,480)	(\$20,529,772)
Beginning Fund Balance	\$37,941,250	\$38,184,548	<u>\$28,716,068</u>
Ending Balance	\$38,184,548	\$28,716,068	\$8,186,296
Less: Restricted Reserves	(\$8,404,185)	(\$7,368,178)	(\$7,597,209)
Unrestricted Balance	\$29,780,363	\$21,347,890	\$589,087



- Class Size Reduction Flexibility will sunset in 2011-12
 - Reduces unrestricted general fund revenue by \$5.1M on-going, beginning with the 2012-13 fiscal year.
- Tier III Flexibility will sunset in 2012-13
 - Reduces unrestricted general fund revenue by \$3.6M on-going, beginning with the 2013-14 fiscal year.
- Reduction of school year by five days will sunset in 2012-13
 - Increases unrestricted general fund expenditures by \$3.4M on-going, beginning with 2013-14 Fiscal Year.



- Higher revenues: Assumes \$1.4 billion higher revenues, on top of the 5.7% revenue increase projected in the May Revision
 - July and August revenues are tracking the May Revision forecast, not exceeding it
- Federal funds: \$5 billion are assumed, \$1.6 billion more than the May Revision
- Expenditure cuts: \$7.5 billion are assumed
 - One-third of the fiscal year has already elapsed without implementation
- The economy: Assumes personal income growth of 3.2% in 2010 and 4.5% in 2011
 - UCLA forecasts weaker growth: 1.9% in 2010 and 3.7% in 2011

- State Action:
 - 2011-12 Proposed Budget January 2011
 - Unforeseen economic/legislative events
 - New Governor & Legislature
 - Midyear Budget Cuts
 - May Revise May 2011
 - 2011-12 Adopted Budget June 2011
- Deadlines: Education Code (42127, 42130)
 - December 15, 2010: Adopt 2010-11 First Interim Budget
 - March 15, 2011: Adopt 2010-11 Second Interim Budget
 - June 30, 2011: Adopt 2011-12 District Budget